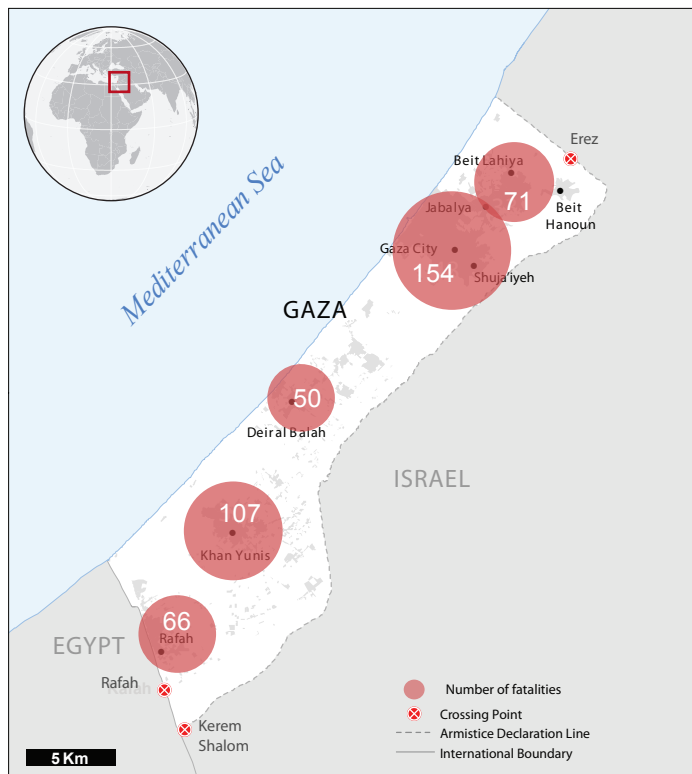


Geographic breakdown of fatalities

(8 to 20 July)



1.8 million
Affected people in the Gaza Strip

100,000 displaced (at least)
84,000 taking shelter in UNRWA schools

43% of Gaza's territory affected by evacuation warnings or declaration of 'no-go zones'

1.2 million People with no or very limited access to water or sanitation services

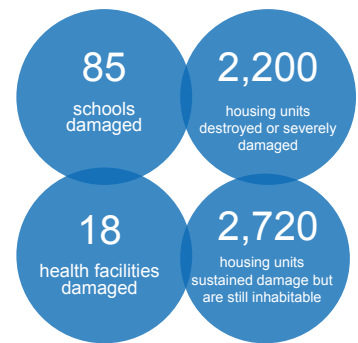
80% receive electricity for only four hours a day

Situation Overview

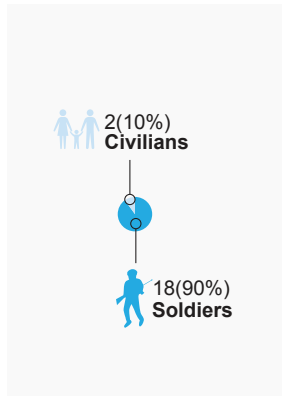
On 17 July the Israeli army launched a ground incursion into the Gaza Strip and intensified airstrikes and artillery shelling, triggering a sharp increase in civilian casualties and mass displacements.

Up to 60 Palestinians, including 17 children and 14 women, are reported to have been killed in the past 24 hours in the Ash Shuja'iyyeh area in eastern Gaza City, raising concern about respect for the principle of distinction and proportionality under international humanitarian law. The depletion of stocks and the access impediments are increasingly challenging humanitarian operations.

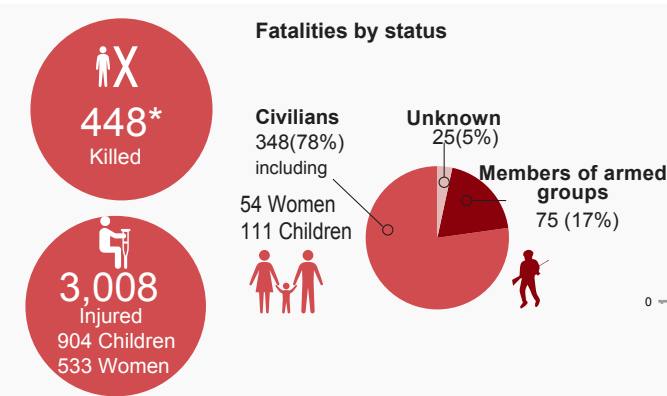
Damaged structures



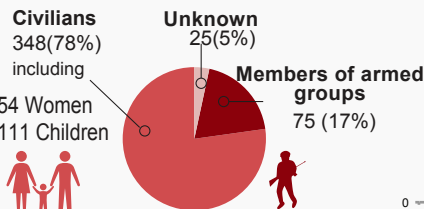
Israeli Casualties



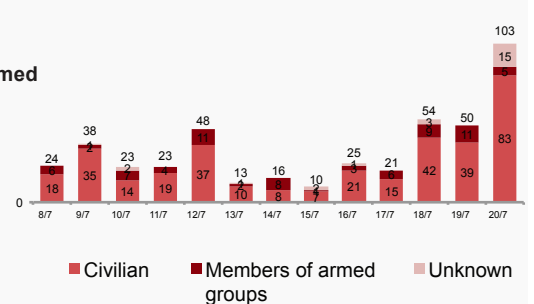
Palestinian Casualties *



Fatalities by status



Fatalities by date



Needs, response and funding

	Needs	Response
Protection	72,390 children require specialised support services; Approx. 100 unexploded bombs have been reported.	Psychosocial teams have reached 755 children, in addition to a free 24-hour Sawa helpline.
Shelter and NFI	119,500 individuals are in need of shelter and NFI assistance, including 2,200 families (13,200 persons) displaced and 2,720 families (16,300) whose houses sustained damages but are still inhabitable.	61 UNRWA schools serving as shelters for 84,000 individuals, other 12 government schools have been used as shelters. 8,900 individuals have been provided with NFIs.
Health	Urgent need of 71 essential drug items and 20 disposables at Gaza hospitals. 8 anesthesia machines, 10 ventilators, 5 electrosurgical units, 20 vital sign monitors, ECG machines, 5 defibrillator machines urgently needed. 18 health-related facilities require repair.	WHO is coordinating with MoH and health sector partners on the most urgent needs for donations, informing donors and facilitating procurement and delivery to Gaza.
WASH	Repair of wells, sewage pumping station and water and sewage lines damaged. Emergency water tankering to current and expected IDPs in shelters is required.	UNRWA is providing water tankering to IDPs in UNRWA shelters and 9,820 cubic metres of water to refugee families through water wells in eight camps. Oxfam GB is supplying water to IDP shelters in Gaza city.
Food	IDPs are in need of emergency food assistance. Food stocks for under 5-year-olds (particularly under 2-year-olds) are running extremely low and require replenishment.	More than 50,000 people received emergency food assistance in the last 24 hours. WFP continues to distribute daily emergency food rations to 2,039 hospital patients and staff across the Gaza Strip.
Funding	US\$ 22 million urgently needed by UNRWA to continue its operations in Gaza and to cover underfunded projects	2 US\$ million worth of proposals are being processed by ERF/OCHA to meet underfunded projects in the SRP

oPt Funding by sector (in million US\$)

Of the SRP total request of \$390 million, \$223 million (57%) is for projects targeting the Gaza Strip specifically. Of this \$170 million, 43% has been received to date. A further \$68 million is requested for projects targeting the Gaza Strip and the West Bank jointly.

